

Package: iteratorR (via r-universe)

September 17, 2024

Type Package

Title Print Loop Iterations at Exponentially Disparate Intervals

Version 0.1.1

Maintainer Steve Condylios <steve.condylios@gmail.com>

BugReports <https://github.com/stevecondylios/iteratorR/issues>

License MIT + file LICENSE

URL <https://github.com/stevecondylios/iteratorR>

Description Know which loop iteration the code execution is up to by including a single, convenient function call inside the loop.

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

Repository <https://stevecondylios.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/stevecondylios/iterator>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 7fe163d7da746a25ca86374be837a9f9b6278573

Contents

iteration	2
---------------------	---

Index	4
--------------	---

iteration	<i>Conveniently print loop iterations to console</i>
------------------	--

Description

Place inside a loop to automatically and conveniently print the current loop iteration at exponentially disparate (or custom) intervals.

Usage

```
iteration(iterator_name, iteration_values)
```

Arguments

`iterator_name` The name of the loop iterator (e.g. "i")

`iteration_values`

An integer vector specifying loop iterations (defaults to the sequence 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500)

Value

`iteration()` is a non-value-returning function. As such, it will not return anything, and instead print to console the value representing the current loop iteration.

Examples

```
# For a loop that would otherwise give no feedback as to where it is up to,
# simply include iteration() anywhere inside the loop to show progress
```

```
for(i in 1:10000) {
  2 * 2
  iteration()
}
# 10
# 20
# 50
# 100
# 200
# 500
# 1,000
# 2,000
# 5,000
# 10,000
# 20,000
# 50,000
```

```
# To use an iterator other than 'i' (example: 'page')
```

```
for(page in 1:10000) {  
  2 * 2  
  iteration("page")  
}  
# 10  
# 20  
# 50  
# 100  
# 200  
# 500  
# 1,000  
# 2,000  
# 5,000  
# 10,000  
  
# Use custom iteration intervals  
for(i in 1:10000) {  
  2 * 2  
  iteration(iteration_values = seq(0, 1e4, 1e3))  
}  
  
# 1,000  
# 2,000  
# 3,000  
# 4,000  
# 5,000  
# 6,000  
# 7,000  
# 8,000  
# 9,000  
# 10,000
```

Index

iteration, [2](#)